

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

date: \_\_\_\_\_ period: \_\_\_\_\_

Ch. 1 density

test

50 points [5 ec]

ngss chemistry

In problems involving any calculation, show your work in an organized manner, include any relevant equation (or formula), conversion factor(s), and units in your work and answer.

1. A hypothetical object has a density of 4.0 g / mL; solve: [6 points; hint: ch. 1.1; 1.3; 1.5]

a. 44 g sample = \_\_\_\_\_ mL of the object

3 pt @

$$44 \text{ g} \frac{\text{mL}}{4 \text{ g}} = 11 \text{ mL}$$

$$d = \frac{m}{v}$$
$$\frac{4 \text{ g}}{\text{mL}} = \frac{44 \text{ g}}{v}$$
$$v = 11 \text{ mL}$$

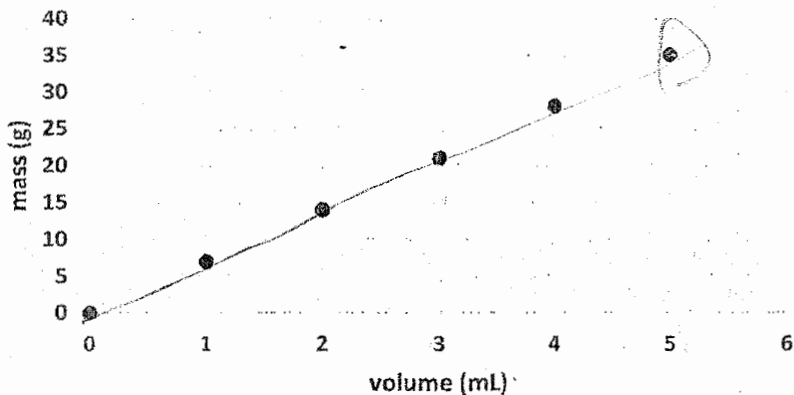
b. 68 mL sample of the object = \_\_\_\_\_ grams of the object

68  
372

$$68 \text{ mL} \frac{4 \text{ g}}{\text{mL}} = 272 \text{ g}$$

$$d = \frac{m}{v}$$
$$\frac{4 \text{ g}}{\text{mL}} = \frac{x}{68}$$
$$x = 68(4) = 272 \text{ g}$$

2. Based on the below graph of hypothetical experimental data, estimate the density of the object. Show your work, includes equation / formula. [4 points; hint: ch. 1.1; 1.3; 1.5]



2 pt

$$\text{density} = \text{slope} = \frac{\text{mass}}{\text{vol}}$$
$$= \frac{35 \text{ g}}{5 \text{ mL}}$$
$$= 7 \frac{\text{g}}{\text{mL}}$$

3. Describe the reason / rationale of the below submarine movements. [10 points; hint: ch. 1.6]

a. goes from the surface to beneath the surface of the ocean

add <sup>salt</sup>  $H_2O$  to submarine  
increase submarine's weight

$$F_{grav} > F_{buoy}$$

3+2+1=6

b. goes from the beneath the surface of the ocean to the surface of the ocean

remove <sup>salt</sup>  $H_2O$  in submarine  
decrease submarine's weight

$$F_{buoy} > F_{grav}$$

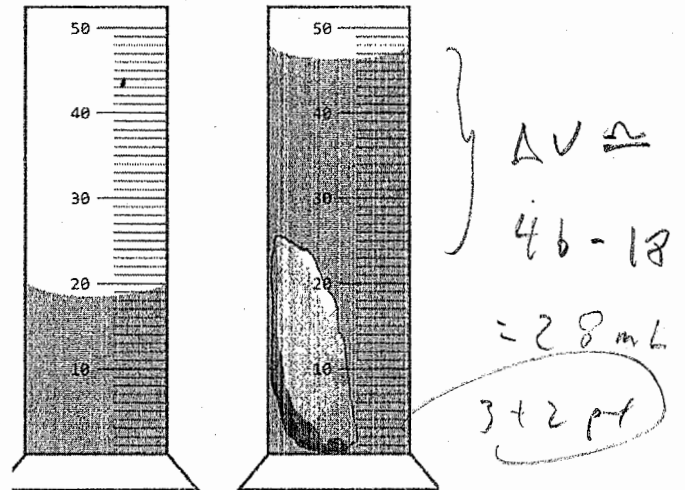
4. In the video showing that an egg sinks in water and dissolving sufficient salt into the water causes the egg to float. What is / are the reason(s) for these observations – sink versus float? [10 points; hint: 1.1; 1.6]

add salt  $\rightarrow$   $\uparrow$  density of salt  
 $F_{buoy} = m_{disp} \cdot g$   
 $= \rho V \cdot g$   
 $\uparrow \rho \rightarrow \uparrow F_{buoy}$   
 (float) b/c  $F_{buoy} > F_{grav}$

sink b/c  
 opposite of  
 i.e.  
 $F_{grav} > F_{buoy}$   
 or  
 $F_{buoy} < F_{grav}$

5.

A hypothetical object has a mass of 85 grams and was added to a graduated cylinder filled with water, which is shown on the right. Based on the information in this problem, estimate the density of the object in grams / mL. [10 points; hint: ch. 1.1; 1.2; 1.3; 1.4; 1.5]



$$\begin{aligned} \text{Density} &= \frac{\text{mass}}{\text{volume}} \\ &= \frac{85 \text{ g}}{28 \text{ mL}} \\ &= \frac{3.0 \text{ g}}{\text{mL}} \end{aligned}$$

3 + 2 pt

6. Solve. [15 points; hint: ch. 1.3; 1.4]

a. 45 feet = \_\_\_ yards

$$\frac{45 \text{ feet}}{3 \text{ feet}} = 15 \text{ yard}$$

3 + 2 pt

b. 3.25 hours = \_\_\_ seconds

$$\begin{aligned} 3.25 \text{ hour} & \frac{60 \text{ min}}{\text{hour}} \frac{60 \text{ sec}}{\text{min}} \\ &= 11,700 \text{ seconds} \end{aligned}$$

c.  $\frac{45 \text{ feet}}{\text{second}} = \frac{\text{yards}}{\text{hour}}$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{45 \text{ feet}}{\text{sec}} & \frac{60 \text{ sec}}{\text{min}} \frac{60 \text{ min}}{\text{hour}} \frac{\text{yard}}{3 \text{ feet}} \\ &= \frac{54,000 \text{ yard}}{\text{hour}} \end{aligned}$$